

Nanocrystalline hydroxyapatite

CHARACTERISTICS

Apatos is a biomaterial of heterologous origin with characteristics similar to mineralized human bone; it can therefore be used as an alternative to autologous bone. The natural microporous consistency of Apatos facilitates the formation of new bone tissue in bone defect area, accelerating the process. Apatos nanocrystalline hydroxyapatite is available in cancellous, cortical and mixed granules.



OsteoBiol® Apatos grafted in a large intrabony defect
Source: Courtesy of Dr Roberto Rossi, Genova, Italy

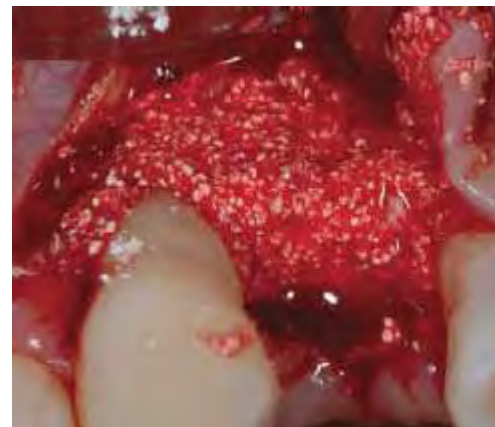
HANDLING

Apatos must always be hydrated and thoroughly mixed with a few drops of sterile saline; it can also be mixed with patient's blood. Finally it can be mixed if necessary with the drug selected for surgery; the mixture thus obtained should be positioned with a sterile spatula or syringe for biomaterials.

CLINICAL INDICATIONS

Oral surgery: granulomas, dentigenous cysts and ridge split.

Implantology: universal filler used in treatment of dehiscences and peri-implantitis, two wall defects, lateral and crestal access sinus lift. In particular Apatos Cortical is characterized by a very long resorption time, guaranteeing optimal preservation of the graft volume. When needed, Apatos graft can be protected with OsteoBiol® Evolution membrane or soft cortical Lamina.



OsteoBiol® Apatos grafted in a horizontal defect
Source: Courtesy of Dr Roberto Rossi, Genova, Italy

SCIENTIFIC PUBLICATIONS ON OSTEOBIOL® APATOS

BARONE A, AMERI S, COVANI U
IMMEDIATE POSTEXTRACTION IMPLANTS: TREATMENT OF RESIDUAL PERI-IMPLANT DEFECTS. A RETROSPECTIVE ANALYSIS
EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF IMPLANT PROSTHODONTICS, 2006, 2: 99-106

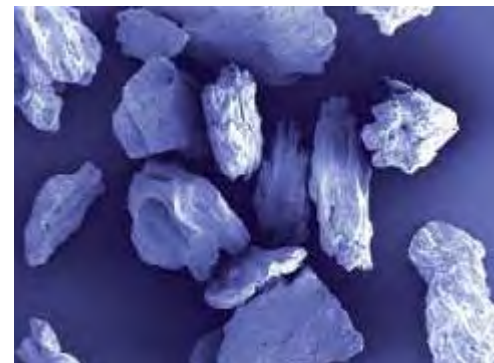
ORSINI G, SCARANO A, PIATTELLI M, PICCIRILLI M, CAPUTI S, PIATTELLI A
HISTOLOGIC AND ULTRASTRUCTURAL ANALYSIS OF REGENERATED BONE IN MAXILLARY SINUS AUGMENTATION USING A PORCINE BONE-DERIVED BIOMATERIAL
JOURNAL OF PERIODONTOLOGY, 2006 DEC;77(12):1984-90

TRUBIANI O, SCARANO A, ORSINI G, DI IORIO D, D'ARCANGELO C, PICCIRILLI M, SIGISMONDO M, CAPUTI S
THE PERFORMANCE OF HUMAN PERIODONTAL LIGAMENT MESENCHYMAL STEM CELLS ON XENOGENIC BIOMATERIALS
INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF IMMUNOPATHOLOGY AND PHARMACOLOGY, 2007 JAN-MAR;20(1 SUPPL 1):87-91

SCARANO A, PIATTELLI A, ASSENZA B, QUARANTA A, PERROTTI V, PIATTELLI M, IEZZI G
PORCINE BONE USED IN SINUS AUGMENTATION PROCEDURES: A 5-YEAR RETROSPECTIVE CLINICAL EVALUATION
JOURNAL OF ORAL AND MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY, 2010 AUG; 68(8):1869-73

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MAXILLARY SINUS AUGMENTATION IN HUMANS USING CORTICAL PORCINE BONE: A HISTOLOGICAL AND HISTOMORPHOMETRICAL EVALUATION AFTER 4 AND 6 MONTHS
CLINICAL IMPLANT DENTISTRY AND RELATED RESEARCH, 2011 MAR; 13(1):13-18

IEZZI G, DEGIDI M, PIATTELLI A, MANGANO C, SCARANO A, SHIBLI JA, PERROTTI V
COMPARATIVE HISTOLOGICAL RESULTS OF DIFFERENT BIOMATERIALS USED IN SINUS AUGMENTATION PROCEDURES: A HUMAN STUDY AT 6 MONTHS
CLINICAL ORAL IMPLANTS RESEARCH, 2011 NOV 2, EPUB AHEAD OF PRINT



SEM image of OsteoBiol® Apatos, cancellous granules
Source: Courtesy of Dr Ulf Nannmark, University of Göteborg, Sweden



Tissue of origin

Apatos Mix: Cortico-cancellous heterologous bone mix
Apatos Cortical: Heterologous cortical bone

Tissue collagen

Degraded

Physical form

Radiopaque granules of mineral hydroxyapatite

Composition

Apatos Mix: 100% cortico-cancellous mix
Apatos Cortical: 100% cortical bone

Granulometry

600-1000 µm

Re-entry time

About 5 months

Packaging

Mix | Vial: 0.5 g, 1.0 g, 2.0 g
Cortical | Vial: 0.5 g, 1.0 g

Product codes

Mix | A1005FS | 1 Vial | 0.5 g | Porcine
Mix | A1005FE | 1 Vial | 0.5 g | Equine

Mix | A1010FS | 1 Vial | 1.0 g | Porcine
Mix | A1010FE | 1 Vial | 1.0 g | Equine

Mix | A1020FS | 1 Vial | 2.0 g | Porcine
Mix | A1020FE | 1 Vial | 2.0 g | Equine

Cortical | AC1005FS | 1 Vial | 0.5 g | Porcine

Cortical | AC1010FS | 1 Vial | 1.0 g | Porcine